Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2024



Onalaska Independent School District
Annual Financial Report
For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2024
Table of Contents

Pag	ge Exhibit
Certificate of the Board	. iii
Financial Section	
Independent Auditor's Report	
Management's Discussion and Analysis	. 7
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	16 A-1
Statement of Activities	17 B-1
Fund Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	18 C-1
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to	
the Statement of Net Position	19 C-1R
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund	
Balances – Governmental Funds	20 C-2
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures,	
and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	
to the Statement of Activities	21 C-3
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Fund	22 E-1
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Fund	23 E-2
Notes to the Financial Statements	
Required Supplementary Information	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance –	
Budget and Actual – General Fund	52 G-1
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension	
Liability of a Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Pension Plan	
Teacher Retirement System of Texas	53 G-2
Schedule of the District's Contributions to the	
Teacher Retirement System of Texas Pension Plan	54 G-3
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB	
Liability of a Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer OPEB Plan	
Teacher Retirement System of Texas	55 G-4
Schedule of the District's Contributions to the	
Teacher Retirement System of Texas OPEB Plan	56 G-5
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information	57

Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2024 Table of Contents - Continued

Page	Exhibit
Supplementary Information	
Combining Funds Financial Statements	
Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds –	
Special Revenue Funds	H-1
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes	
in Fund Balances – Nonmajor Governmental Funds – Special	
Revenue Funds	H-2
Compliance Schedules	
Schedule of Delinquent Taxes Receivable	J-1
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance –	
Budget and Actual – National School Breakfast and Lunch Program	J-2
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance –	
Budget and Actual – Debt Service Fund	J-3
Use of Funds Report – Select State Allotment	J-4
Overall Compliance, Internal Control Section and Federal Awards	
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial	
Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an	
Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with	
Government Auditing Standards73	
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major	
Federal Program and Report on Internal Control over Compliance	
Required by the Uniform Guidance75	
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	
Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	K-1
Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	
Other Information	
Schedule of Required Responses to Selected School FIRST	
Indicators (Unaudited)	L-1

Certificate of the Board

Onalaska Independent School District	<u>Polk</u>	<u>187-910</u>
Name of School District	County	CoDist Number
We, the undersigned, certify that the attached district were reviewed and approved 2024 at a meeting of the Board of Trustees of suc	d annual financial reports disapproved for the th school district on the 18	of the above named school fiscal year ended August 31, day of November, 2024.
Signature of Board Secretary	Sig	nature of Board President

If the Board of Trustees disapproved the auditor's report, the reason(s) for disapproving it is/are (attach list as necessary):

This Page Intentionally Left Blank

Financial Section

This Page Intentionally Left Blank



Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Trustees of Onalaska Independent School District Onalaska, Texas

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Onalaska Independent School District (the District), as of and for the year ended August 31, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of August 31, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

The District's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

The Board of Trustees of Onalaska Independent School District

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and the Required Supplementary Information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information or provide any assurance.

The Board of Trustees of Onalaska Independent School District

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The Supplementary Information as listed in the table of contents, and Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations, Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance) are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Supplementary Information and Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Supplementary Information and Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information Included in the Annual Financial Report

Management is responsible for the other information included in the Annual Financial Report. The other information comprises the Schedule of Required Responses to Selected School FIRST Indicators but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated November 11, 2024 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Weaver and Tiduell, L.I.P.

WEAVER AND TIDWELL, L.L.P.

The Woodlands, Texas November 11, 2024 This Page Intentionally Left Blank

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the Onalaska Independent School District (the District), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2024.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the District exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$13,258,578 (net position). Of this amount, \$5,508,086 (unrestricted net position) was available to meet the District's ongoing obligations.
- The District's total net position increased by \$3,447,783.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$16,076,445, an increase of \$1,317,151 in comparison with the prior year.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$6,265,089, or 44 percent of total general fund expenditures.
- The District's total net bonded debt decreased by \$1,998,459.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components:

1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information and supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position (Exhibit A-1) presents information on all of the District's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference between them reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities (Exhibit B-1) presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and incurred but unpaid interest).

The government-wide financial statements of the District are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include Instruction, Instructional Resources and Media Services, Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development, Instructional Leadership, School Leadership, Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services, Health Services, Student Transportation, Food Services, Extracurricular Activities, General Administration, Plant Maintenance and Operations, Security and Monitoring Services, Data Processing Services, Community Services, Interest on Long-term Debt, Issuance Costs and Fees, Payments Related to Shared Services Arrangements, and Other Intergovernmental Charges.

The government-wide financial statements can be found as noted in the table of contents of this report.

Fund Financial Statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds financial statements is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term effect of the District's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintained twelve individual governmental funds during the year. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, the debt service fund, and ESSER III of the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 fund, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other nine governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation titled other governmental funds.

The District adopts an annual revenue and appropriations budget for its general fund, debt service fund, and national school breakfast and lunch program special revenue fund. All other governmental funds adopt project length budgets. Subsequent to adoption, amendments approved by the governing body are reflected in a revised budget column. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the general fund, debt service fund and national school breakfast and lunch program special revenue fund to demonstrate compliance with its budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found as noted in the table of contents of this report.

Fiduciary Funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources related to scholarship funds. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the District's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is similar to the accounting used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found as noted in the table of contents of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found as noted in the table of contents of this report.

Other Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report presents required supplementary information and supplementary information, which includes schedules required by the Texas Education Agency. Such information can be found as noted in the table of contents of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As mentioned earlier, net position may, over time, serve as a useful indicator of a District's financial position. In the case of the District, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$13,258,578 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

Onalaska Independent School District's Net Position

	Governmental Activities								
	2024 2023				Increase (Decre	ecrease)			
	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%			
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ 18,217,342 15,013,628	55 45	\$ 16,758,548 15,174,046	52 48	\$ 1,458,794 (160,418)	9 (1)			
Total assets	33,230,970	100	31,932,594	100	1,298,376				
Total deferred outflows of resources	4,588,642	100	4,290,358	100	298,284	7			
Long-term liabilities outstanding Other liabilities	17,389,118 1,468,536	92 8	18,372,962 1,418,685	93 7	(983,844) 49,851	(5) 4			
Total liabilities	18,857,654	100	19,791,647	100	(933,993)				
Total deferred inflows of resources	5,703,380	100	6,620,510	100	(917,130)	(14)			
Net position: Net investment in capital assets	6,311,294	48	4,616,263	47	1,695,031	37			
Restricted for grants Restricted for debt service Unrestricted (deficit)	454,024 985,174	3 7	595,521 1,278,034	13	(141,497) (292,860)	(24) (23)			
Total net position	\$ 13,258,578	100	\$ 9,810,795	100	\$ 3,447,783	66			

Investment in capital assets (e.g., land and improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, and construction in progress), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding represents the majority of the District's positive net position. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to students; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the District's net investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Net position that is restricted for debt service and grants totaled \$1,439,198. The unrestricted net position as of August 31, 2024 was \$5,508,086, and is available to meet the District's ongoing obligations.

Governmental Activities. Governmental activities increased the District's net position by \$3,447,783 from current operations. Key elements of this change are as follows:

Onalaska Independent School District's Changes in Net Position

	Governmental Activities						
	2024		2023		Increase (Decreas		
	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%	
Revenue							
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 236,996	1	\$ 259,914	1	\$ (22,918)	(9)	
Operating grants and contributions	4,000,843	19	3,589,390	18	411,453	11	
General revenues:							
Property taxes, levied for general purposes	5,636,061	26	6,573,368	32	(937,307)	(14)	
Property taxes, levied for debt service	1,465,174	7	1,332,034	7	133,140	10	
Grants and contributions not restricted							
to specific programs	9,388,361	44	7,768,554	38	1,619,807	21	
Investment earnings	734,784	3	516,531	3	218,253	42	
Miscellaneous	98,625		104,556	1_	(5,931)	(6)	
Total revenues	21,560,844	100	20,144,347	100	1,416,497		
Expenses							
Instruction	9,081,752	50	8,662,511	50	419,241	5	
Instructional resources and media services	44,723	-	44,177	-	546	1	
Curriculum and instructional staff development	386,868	2	311,819	2	75,049	24	
Instructional leadership	688,899	4	537,892	3	151,007	28	
School leadership	902,769	5	818,241	5	84,528	10	
Guidance, counseling, and evaluation	702,707	0	010,241	J	0.7020	10	
services	419,245	2	331,783	2	87,462	26	
Health services	84,843	1	108,111	1	(23,268)	(22)	
Student transportation	877,543	5	887,424	5	(9,881)	(1)	
Food services	1,238,507	7	1,285,481	7	(46,974)	(4)	
Extracurricular activities	775,899	4	753,314	4	22,585	3	
General administration	639,724	4	608,433	4	31,291	5	
Plant maintenance and operations	1,579,814	9	1,514,172	9	65,642	4	
Security and monitoring services	222,803	1	174,146	1	48,657	28	
Data processing services	462,017	3	347,968	2	114,049	33	
Community services	1,826	-	1,826	2	-	55	
Interest on long-term debt	217,917	1	258,792	2	(40,875)	(16)	
Issuance costs and fees	11,300		16,819	2	(5,519)	(33)	
Facilities repair and maintenance	26,693	_	-	_	26,693	(55)	
Payments related to shared services	20,073	-	-	-	20,073	-	
arrangements	261,228	1	328,958	2	(67,730)	(21)	
•	188,691	1	168,126	1	20,565	12	
Other intergovernmental charges	100,071		100,120		20,363	12	
Total expenses	18,113,061	100	17,159,993	100	953,068		
Change in net position	3,447,783		2,984,354		463,429		
Net position - beginning	9,810,795		6,826,441		2,984,354		
Net position - ending	\$ 13,258,578		\$ 9,810,795		\$ 3,447,783		

Revenues are generated primarily from two sources. Grants and contributions (program and general revenues totaling \$13,389,204) represent 63 percent of total revenues and property taxes (\$7,101,235) represent 33 percent of total revenues. The remaining 4 percent is generated from investment earnings, charges for services, and miscellaneous revenues. The most significant change in revenues is the \$1.7 million increase in grant revenue related to the Foundation School Program.

The primary functional expenses of the District are instruction (\$9,081,752) which represents 50 percent of total expenses and plant maintenance and operations (\$1,579,814) which represents 9 percent. The remaining functional categories of expenses are individually 7 percent or less of total expenditures.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$16,076,445, an increase of \$1,317,151 in comparison with the prior year.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the District. At the end of the current fiscal year, total fund balance of the general fund was \$14,265,089 of which unassigned fund balance was \$6,265,089. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 44 percent of total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 99 percent of the same amount. The fund balance of the District's general fund increased by \$2,083,465 during the current fiscal year primarily due to an increase in State Foundation Program revenue.

The ESSER III of the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 Fund was reported as a major fund for fiscal year 2024. The fund recognized \$1,558,768 of revenues and \$1,558,768 of expenditures, resulting in a \$0 fund balance at fiscal year-end.

The debt service fund had a total fund balance of \$1,186,500, all of which is restricted for the payment of debt service. Fund balance in the debt service fund decreased by \$605,760 due to a \$1.28 million cash defeasance to redeem certain obligations from the District's Series 2014 bonds.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The District amends the budget as needed throughout the year.

There were no significant differences between the originally adopted budget and the final amended budget.

The most significant variance between the final budget and actual amounts were state program revenues which were approximately \$1,719,000 more than budget due to increased State Foundation Program revenue allotments.

Capital Assets and Long-term Liabilities

Capital Assets. The District's investment in capital assets for its governmental type activities as of August 31, 2024, amounted to \$15,013,628 (net of accumulated depreciation), a decrease of \$160,418; the result of current year depreciation exceeding current year additions. This investment in capital assets includes land and improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, and construction in progress.

Onalaska Independent School District's Capital Assets

(net of depreciation)

	Governmental Activities										
		2024			2023		In	Increase (Decrease)			
	Amount %		%	Amount		%	Amount		%		
Land and improvements	\$	129,553	1	\$	129,553	1	\$	-	-		
Buildings and improvements		13,223,969	88		13,816,812	91		(592,843)	(4)		
Furniture and equipment		1,660,106	11		1,153,278	8		506,828	44		
Construction in progress					74,403			(74,403)	(100)		
Totals	\$	15,013,628	100	\$	15,174,046	100	\$	(160,418)			

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Purchase of a bus in the amount of approximately \$142,000
- Purchase of new AC unit in the amount of approximately \$37,000
- Purchase of a new kitchen equipment of approximately \$145,000
- Purchase of IT server equipment in the amount of approximately \$58,000
- Purchase of maintenance vehicle in the amount of approximately \$20,000

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in notes to the financial statements as noted in the table of contents of this report.

Long-term Liabilities. At year-end, the District had the following long-term liabilities:

Onalaska Independent School District's Long-term Liabilities Outstanding

	Governmental Activities									
		2024			2023		Increase (Decrease)			
	Amount		%	Amount		%	Amount		%	
General obligation bonds	\$	8,190,339	47	\$	10,188,798	55	\$	(1,998,459)	(20)	
Notes payable from direct placement		332,898	2		373,057	2		(40,159)	(11)	
Financed purchases payable		107,795	1		152,746	1		(44,951)	(29)	
Net pension liability		5,948,698	34		4,688,408	26		1,260,290	27	
Net OPEB liability		2,809,388	16		2,969,953	16		(160,565)	(5)	
Totals	\$	17,389,118	100	\$	18,372,962	100	\$	(983,844)		

The District's net bonded debt decreased by \$1,998,459 during the current fiscal year as a result of scheduled debt payments. Notes payable from direct placement decreased by \$40,159 (11 percent) during the current fiscal year as a result of scheduled payments. The District's financed purchases payable also decreased by \$44,951 as a result of scheduled payments. The District's net pension liability increased by \$1,260,290 while the net OPEB liability decreased \$160,565.

The District's general obligation debt is backed by the full faith and credit of the District and is further guaranteed by the Texas Permanent School Fund Guarantee Program. State statutes do not limit the tax rate or amount for the support of school districts' bonded indebtedness. However, approval of the Attorney General of the State of Texas is required prior to the sale of bonds.

Additional information on the District's long-term debt, net pension liability and OPEB liability can be found in the notes to the financial statements as indicated in the table of contents of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- Current enrollment (2024-2025) totals 1,205 students, which is a decrease of 43 from the 1,248 students in the prior year.
- District staff totals 219 employees in 2024-2025, which includes 89 teachers and 36 teachers' aides and secretaries.
- The District maintains two campuses for instruction.
- The unemployment rate for the County is currently 5.7 percent, which is a 0.3 percent decrease from the rate of 6.0 percent a year ago. This compares unfavorably to the state's average unemployment rate of 4.1 percent, which remained the same as the previous year.
- Property values of the District are projected to increase 15 percent in the 2024-2025 fiscal year from the prior fiscal year.
- A maintenance and operations tax rate of \$0.676900 and a debt service tax rate of \$0.397300 for a total of \$1.056200 were adopted for 2024-2025. The prior year rates were \$0.06792 and \$0.175300, respectively, for a total of \$0.854500.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the District's budget for the 2024-2025 fiscal year.

During the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance in the general fund increased to \$6,265,089 The District plans to utilize unassigned fund balance to fund current expenditures prior to collecting the current year tax levy.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances for all those with an interest in the District's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Business Manager, Onalaska Independent School District, P.O. Box 2289, Onalaska, Texas, 77360.

This Page Intentionally Left Blank

Basic Financial Statements

Exhibit A-1

Statement of Net Position August 31, 2024

1

Data		Primary Government
Control Codes		Governmental Activities
Codes	ASSETS	Activities
1110	Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 14,452,695
1220	Property taxes receivable	726,749
1230	Allowance for uncollectible taxes	(36,338)
1240	Due from other governments	2,861,593
1290	Other receivables	142.880
1300	Inventories	69,763
1000	Capital assets, not being depreciated:	07,700
1510	Land and improvements	129,553
1310	Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:	127,000
1520	Buildings and improvements (net)	13,223,969
1530	Furniture and equipment (net)	1,660,106
1330	Torring e and equipment (net)	
1000	Total assets	33,230,970
	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
1705	Deferred outflows - pension	2,837,372
1706	Deferred outflows - OPEB	1,751,270
1700	Total deferred outflows of resources	4,588,642
	LIABILITIES	
2110	Accounts payable	18,725
2140	Interest payable	18,050
2160	Accrued wages payable	1,268,987
2180	Due to other governments	162,774
2100	Noncurrent liabilities:	102,//4
2501	Due within one year	728,057
2502	Due in more than one year	7,902,975
2540	Net pension liability	5,948,698
2545	Net OPEB liability	2,809,388
2343	Net Ofed liability	2,007,300
2000	Total liabilities	18,857,654
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
2605	Deferred inflows - pension	320,194
2606	Deferred inflows - OPEB	4,996,445
2610	Deferred gain on refunding	386,741
2600	Total deferred inflows of resources	5,703,380
	NET POSITION	
3200	Net investment in capital assets	6,311,294
3820	Restricted for grants	454,024
3850	Restricted for debt service	985,174
3900	Unrestricted	5,508,086
3000	TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 13,258,578

Exhibit B-1

Net (Expense)

Statement of Activities

For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2024

		1	3	4	Revenue and Changes in
			Progr	am Revenues	Net Position
Data Control Codes	Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
	PRIMARY GOVERNMENT		_		
	Governmental activities:				
0011	Instruction	\$ 9,081,752	\$ -	\$ 1,568,987	\$ (7,512,765)
0012	Instructional resources and media services	44,723	-	2,029	(42,694)
0013	Curriculum and instructional staff development	386,868	-	107,671	(279,197)
0021	Instructional leadership	688,899	-	145,654	(543,245)
0023	School leadership	902,769	-	25,275	(877,494)
0031	Guidance, counseling, and evaluation services	419,245	-	236,585	(182,660)
0033	Health services	84,843	-	2,863	(81,980)
0034	Student transportation	877,543	- 0/20	32,054	(845,489)
0035	Food services Extracurricular activities	1,238,507 775,899	86,38 150,60		(67,200)
0036 0041	General administration	639,724	130,60	09 6,175 11,868	(619,115)
0041	Plant maintenance and operations	1,579,814	-	101,739	(627,856) (1,478,075)
0051	Security and monitoring services	222,803	-	183,933	(38,870)
0052	Data processing services	462,017	_	315,897	(146,120)
0061	Community services	1,826		515,677	(1,826)
0072	Interest on long-term debt	217,917	_	175,193	(42,724)
0072	Issuance costs and fees	11,300	_	-	(11,300)
0081	Facilities repair and maintenance	26,693	_	_	(26,693)
0093	Payments related to shared services arrangements	261,228	-	-	(261,228)
0099	Other intergovernmental charges	188,691			(188,691)
TG	Total governmental activities	18,113,061	236,99	4,000,843	(13,875,222)
TP	TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$ 18,113,061	\$ 236,99	\$ 4,000,843	(13,875,222)
	General revenues:				
MT	Property taxes, levied for general pur	•			5,636,061
DT	Property taxes, levied for debt servic				1,465,174
GC	Grants and contributions not restricte	ed to specific progra	ims		9,388,361
IE	Investment earnings				734,784
MI	Miscellaneous				98,625
TR	Total general revenues				17,323,005
CN	Change in net position				3,447,783
NB	Net position - beginning				9,810,795
NE	NET POSITION - ENDING				\$ 13,258,578

Exhibit C-1

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds August 31, 2024

199 282 599

98

Data Control Codes	ESSER III of t Americal Rescue Pla General Fund Act of 202					ebt Service Fund	Total ice Nonmajor Funds			Total Governmental Funds	
1110 1220 1230 1240 1260 1290	Cash and cash equivalents Property taxes receivable Allowance for uncollectible taxes Due from other governments Due from other funds Other receivables	\$ 12,741,031 591,973 (29,599) 1,817,879 944,719 124,010	\$	- - - 849,086 - -	\$	1,167,630 134,776 (6,739) - - 18,870	\$	544,034 - - 194,628 - -	\$	14,452,695 726,749 (36,338) 2,861,593 944,719 142,880	
1300	Inventories Total assets	16,190,013		849,086		1,314,537		69,763 808,425		69,763	
1000a	TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$ 16,190,013	\$	849,086	\$	1,314,537	\$	808,425	\$	19,162,061	
2110 2160 2170 2180	LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued wages payable Due to other funds Due to other governments	\$ 14,201 1,185,575 - 162,774	\$	- - 849,086 -	\$	- - - -	\$	4,524 83,412 95,633	\$	18,725 1,268,987 944,719 162,774	
2000	Total liabilities	1,362,550		849,086		-		183,569		2,395,205	
2600	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue - property taxes Total deferred inflows of resources	562,374 562,374		-		128,037		-		690,411	
3410 3450 3480 3545 3600	FUND BALANCES Nonspendable - inventories Restricted - grant funds Restricted - debt service Committed - other Unassigned	- - - 8,000,000 6,265,089		- - - -		- - 1,186,500 - -		69,763 454,024 - 101,069		69,763 454,024 1,186,500 8,101,069 6,265,089	
3000	Total fund balances	14,265,089	_	-		1,186,500		624,856		16,076,445	
4000	TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 16,190,013	\$	849,086	\$	1,314,537	\$	808,425	\$	19,162,061	

Exhibit C-1R

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position August 31, 2024

TOTAL FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (EXHIBIT C-1)

\$ 16,076,445

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds. The governmental capital assets at year-end consist of:

Governmental capital assets costs	\$ 27,028,973	
Accumulated depreciation of governmental capital assets	(12,015,345)	15,013,628

Property taxes receivable, which will be collected subsequent to year-end, but are not available soon enough to pay expenditures are deferred in the funds.

690,411

Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, notes payable, financed purchases payable, and net pension and net OPEB liability, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Liabilities at year-end related to such items consist of:

Bonds payable, at original par	5 (7,323,998)	
Premium on bonds payable	(550,902)	
Accreted interest	(315,439)	
Accrued interest on the bonds	(13,924)	
Notes and financed purchases payables	(440,693)	
Accrued interest on notes and financed purchases payable	(4,126)	
Net pension liability	(5,948,698)	
Net OPEB liability	(2,809,388)	(17,407,168)

Deferred gain on refunding is reported as a deferred inflow in the statement of net position and it is not reported in the funds due to it is not a current financial resource available to pay for current expenditures.

(386,741)

Deferred outflows of resources for pension represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditures) until then.

2,837,372

Deferred inflows of resources for pension represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

(320,194)

Deferred outflows of resources for OPEB represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditures) until then.

1,751,270

Deferred inflows of resources for OPEB represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

(4,996,445)

TOTAL NET POSITION - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES (EXHIBIT A-1)

\$ 13,258,578

Exhibit C-2

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances
Governmental Funds
For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2024

199 282 599

Data Control Codes		Ge	neral Fund	Re	ER III of the American escue Plan ct of 2021	De	ebt Service Fund	ı	Total Nonmajor Funds	Total Government Funds	lal
	REVENUES						-				
5700	Local and intermediate sources	\$	6,328,643	\$	-	\$	1,484,847	\$	267,541	\$ 8,081,03	
5800	State program revenues		10,001,534		-		175,193		275,711	10,452,43	
5900	Federal program revenues		117,288		1,558,768				1,662,300	3,338,35	56
5020	Total revenues		16,447,465		1,558,768		1,660,040		2,205,552	21,871,82	25
	EXPENDITURES										
	Current:										
0011	Instruction		7,917,952		878,531		-		475,569	9,272,05	
0012	Instructional resources and media services		19,834		2,029		-		-	21,86	
0013	Curriculum and instructional staff development		268,145		3,700		-		98,647	370,49	
0021	Instructional leadership		547,500		7,102		-		120,410	675,01	
0023	School leadership		856,572		11,160		-		-	867,73	
0031	Guidance, counseling, and evaluation services		178,603		226,335		-		-	404,93	
0033	Health services		81,582		2,029		-		-	83,61	11
0034	Student transportation		1,005,904		14,203		-		11,839	1,031,94	16
0035	Food services		-		14,203		-		1,315,590	1,329,79	73
0036	Extracurricular activities		480,848		-		-		160,118	640,96	56
0041	General administration		627,984		5,073		-		-	633,05	57
0051	Plant maintenance and operations		1,532,706		92,247		-		-	1,624,95	53
0052	Security and monitoring services		94,492		-		-		183,933	278,42	25
0053	Data processing services		148,032		302,156		-		-	450,18	38
	Debt service:										
0071	Principal on long-term debt		85,110		-		1,667,182		-	1,752,29	72
0072	Interest on long-term debt		14,624		_		587,318		_	601,94	1 2
0073	Issuance costs and fees		-		_		11,300		_	11,30	
	Capital outlay:										
0081	Facilities acquisition and construction		54,193		-		-		-	54,19	73
	Intergovernmental:										
0093	Payments related to shared services arrangements		261,228		-		-		-	261,22	28
0099	Other intergovernmental charges		188,691		-		-			188,69	}1
6030	Total expenditures		14,364,000		1,558,768		2,265,800		2,366,106	20,554,67	74
1200	Net change in fund balances		2,083,465		-		(605,760)		(160,554)	1,317,15	51
0100	Fund balances - beginning		12,181,624		-		1,792,260		785,410	14,759,29	74
3000	FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$	14,265,089	\$		\$	1,186,500	\$	624,856	\$ 16,076,44	45

Exhibit C-3

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2024

TOTAL NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (EXHIBIT C-2)

1,317,151

Amounts reported for gov ernmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is capitalized and allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.

Capital assets increased Depreciation expense	\$	739,857 (900,275)	(160,418)
Because some property taxes will not be collected for several months after the District's fiscal year they are not considered "available" revenues and are deferred in the governmental funds. Deferevenues increased (decreased) by this amount this year.			90,609
Repayment of bonds, notes, and financed purchases payable principal is an expenditure in the but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	gov ernme	ental funds,	1,752,292
Interest on long-term debt in the statement of activities differs from the amount reported in the go funds because interest is recognized as an expenditure in the funds when it is due, and thus requise of current financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, interest expense is recast the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due, and includes amortization of related long-te	uires the ognized	al	

Accrued interest on current interest bonds payable (increased) decreased	\$	418	
Accrued interest on notes payable (increased) decreased	,	389	
Accrued interest on financed purchases payable (increased) decreased		376	
Interest accreted on the capital appreciation bonds (increased) decreased		279,685	
Amortization of bond premium and discount		51,592	
Amortization of deferred charge and gain on refunding		51,565	

The net change in net pension liability, deferred outflows, and deferred inflows is reported in the statement of activities but does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported as expenditures in the gov emmental funds. The net change consists of the following:

accounts. The changes reported in the statement of activities consist of the following:

Deferred outflows increased (decreased)	\$ 410,387	
Deferred inflows (increased) decreased	176,859	
Net pension liability (increased) decreased	(1,260,290)	(673,044)

The net change in net OPEB liability, deferred outflows, and deferred inflows is reported in the statement of activities but does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported as expenditures in the gov ernmental funds. The net change consists of the following:

Deferred outflows increased (decreased)	\$ (112,103)	
Deferred inflows (increased) decreased	688,706	
Net OPEB liability (increased) decreased	160,565	737,168

CHANGE IN NET POSITION FOR GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES (EXHIBIT B-1)

\$ 3,447,783

384,025

Exhibit E-1

865

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Fund August 31, 2024

	Custodial Fund Scholarship
	Funds
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 51,242
Total assets	51,242
NET POSITION	
Restricted for:	
Scholarships	51,242
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 51,242

Exhibit E-2

865

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2024

	Custodial Fund Scholarship Funds
ADDITIONS Investment income Contributions	\$ 1,822 71,020
Total additions	72,842
DEDUCTIONS Scholarship awards	64,700
Total deductions	64,700
Net change in fiduciary net position	8,142
Net position - beginning of year	43,100
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 51,242

This Page Intentionally Left Blank

Notes to the Financial Statements

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Reporting Entity

The Onalaska Independent School District (the District) is governed by a seven-member board of trustees (the Board), which has governance responsibilities over all activities related to public, elementary and secondary, education within the District. Members of the Board are elected by the public; have authority to make decisions; appoint management and significantly influence operations; and have primary accountability for fiscal matters; the District is not included in any other governmental reporting entity.

B. Description of Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government (the District). All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. Governmental activities normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions

C. Basis of Presentation – Government-wide Financial Statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

D. Basis of Presentation – Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category—governmental and fiduciary—are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The general fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District, except those accounted for in another fund.

The Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) III of the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 fund is used to account for federal awards to support the District's ability to prevent, prepare for, and respond to the coronavirus pandemic.

The debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned for the payment of principal and interest on long-term obligations of governmental funds.

Additionally, the District reports the following governmental fund types:

The special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenues (other than those identified as a major fund) that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specific purposes.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The District reports the following fiduciary fund types:

The custodial fund accounts for assets held by the District for scholarships. Contributions, gifts and fundraisers benefit the related scholarships.

During the course of operations, the District has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities (i.e., the governmental funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds are eliminated in governmental activities.

E. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District generally considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as required under accrual accounting. However, debt service and note payable expenditures, as well as expenditures related to claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Interest associated with the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual and has been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year end). Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year end). All other revenue items, including property taxes, are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

Notes to the Financial Statements

F. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand and bank demand or time deposits with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

2. Investments

Investments for the District, except for certain investment pools, are reported at fair value. The investment pools operate in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations and are reported at amortized cost or net asset value.

3. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories are valued at cost using the average cost method and consist of expendable supplies. The cost of such inventories is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

4. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land and improvements, buildings and improvements, and furniture and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. The District's infrastructure includes parking lots and sidewalks associated with various buildings. The cost of the infrastructure was initially capitalized with the building cost and is being depreciated over the same useful life as the building. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000, and an estimated useful life in excess of one year.

In the case of the initial capitalization of general infrastructure assets (i.e., those reported by governmental activities), the District chose to include all such items regardless of their acquisition date or amount. The District was able to estimate the historical cost for the initial reporting of these assets through back trending (i.e., estimating the current replacement cost of the infrastructure to be capitalized and using an appropriate price-level index to deflate the cost to the acquisition year or estimated acquisition year). As the District constructs or acquires additional capital assets each period, including infrastructure assets, they are capitalized and reported at historical cost. The reported value excludes normal maintenance and repairs which are essentially amounts spent in relation to capital assets that do not increase the capacity or efficiency of the item or increase its estimated useful life. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

Land and improvements and construction in progress are not depreciated. The buildings and improvements and furniture and equipment of the District are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Capital Asset Classes	Lives
Buildings and improvements Furniture and equipment	10-40 5-15

Notes to the Financial Statements

5. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditures) until then. Deferred inflows of resources represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources are amortized as follows:

- Deferred outflows/inflows from pension and OPEB activities are amortized over the weighted average remaining service life of all participants in the respective qualified pension plan and OPEB plan, except for projected and actual earnings differences on investments which are amortized on a closed basis over a 5-year period.
- District contributions to the pension and OPEB plans after the measurement date of each plan are recognized in the subsequent fiscal year as a reduction of the respective liability.
- Deferred charge/gain on refunding is amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.
- Property taxes are recognized in the period the amount becomes available.

6. Compensated Absences

Vacation

The District does not have a liability for unpaid vacation at year-end due to the District's policy not allowing a carryover of vacation not taken by August 31.

Sick Leave

Accumulated sick leave lapses when employees end employment with the District and, upon separation from service, no monetary obligation exists.

7. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied.

It is the District's policy to consider restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

8. Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

9. Fund Balance Policies

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The District itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

Notes to the Financial Statements

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the District's highest level of decision-making authority. The board of trustees (the Board) is the highest level of decision-making authority for the District that can, by board action or adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the board action or resolution remains in place until a similar action is taken (the board action or adoption of another resolution) to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The Board has by policy authorized the superintendent or his designee to assign fund balance. The Board may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

Unassigned fund balance represents the residual amount for the general fund that is not contained in the other classifications. The general fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance. Additionally, any deficit fund balance within the other governmental fund types is reported as unassigned.

10. Pension

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

11. Other Postemployment Benefits

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) TRS-Care Plan has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS-Care's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no investments as this is a pay-as you-go plan and all cash is held in a cash account.

G. Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses

1. Program Revenues

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

2. Property Taxes

Property taxes for the current calendar year are levied on approximately October 1 of each year and are payable by January 31 of the following year. Property tax receivables are recorded as of the date levied. Unpaid taxes become delinquent on February 1 and a tax lien on real property is created as of July 1 of each year.

Notes to the Financial Statements

H. Use of Estimates

The presentation of financial statements, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

I. Data Control Codes

The Data Control Codes refer to the account code structure prescribed by the Texas Education Agency (TEA) in the *Financial Accountability System Resource Guide*. TEA requires school districts to display these codes in the financial statements filed with the TEA in order to ensure accuracy in building a statewide database for policy development and funding plans.

J. Implementation of New Accounting Standards

GASB Statement No. 99, Omnibus 2022 (GASB 99), enhances comparability in accounting and financial reporting and improves consistency of authoritative literature by addressing 1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB statements and 2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. The requirements related to extension of the use of LIBOR, accounting for SNAP distributions, disclosures of nonmonetary transactions, pledges of future revenues by pledging governments, clarification of certain provisions in Statement 34, as amended, and terminology updates related to Statement 53 and Statement 63 are effective upon issuance. The requirements related to leases were implemented in the District's fiscal year 2022 financial statements in conjunction with GASB 87. The requirements related to PPPs and SBITAs are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022, and all reporting periods thereafter. These requirements for GASB 99 were implemented in the District's fiscal year 2023 financial statements in conjunction with GASB 94 and GASB 96. The requirements related to financial guarantees and the classification and reporting of derivative instruments within the scope of Statement 53 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter. These requirements for GASB 99 were implemented in the District's fiscal year 2024 financial statements with no impact to amounts previously reported.

GASB Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections (GASB 100), enhances accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. This statement 1) defines accounting changes and corrections of errors; 2) prescribes the accounting and financial reporting for each type of accounting change and error corrections; and 3) clarifies required note disclosures. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2023, with earlier application encouraged. GASB 100 was implemented in the District's fiscal year 2024 financial statements with no impact to amounts previously reported.

K. Recent Accounting Pronouncements

GASB Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences (GASB 101), improves the information needs of financial statements users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences under a unified model and amending certain previously required disclosures. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2023, with earlier application encouraged. GASB 101 will be implemented in the District's fiscal year 2025 financial statements and the impact has not yet been determined.

Notes to the Financial Statements

GASB Statement No. 102, Certain Risk Disclosures (GASB 102), improves financial reporting by providing users of financial statements with essential information regarding certain concentrations of constraints and related events that have occurred or have begun to occur that make a government vulnerable to a substantial impact. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2024, with earlier application encouraged. GASB 102 will be implemented in the district's fiscal year 2025 financial statements and the impact has not yet been determined.

GASB Statement No. 103, Financial Reporting Model Improvements (GASB 103), improves key components of the financial reporting model to enhance its effectiveness in providing information that is essential for decision making and assessing a government's accountability. This statement also addresses certain application issues. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2025, with earlier application encouraged. GASB 103 will be implemented in the district's fiscal year 2026 financial statements and the impact has not yet been determined.

Note 2. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

A. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the general fund, National School Breakfast and Lunch Program special revenue fund, and the debt service fund. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data.

- 1. Prior to August 20 of the preceding fiscal year, the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year beginning September 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. A meeting of the Board is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget after ten days' public notice of the meeting has been given.
- 3. Prior to September 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution by the Board.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function, and campus/department. The District's campus/department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a campus/department. Transfers of appropriations between campus/departments require the approval of the District's management. Transfers of appropriations between functions require the approval of the Board. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the function level within a fund. The District made several supplemental budgetary amendments during the year.

B. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental funds. Encumbrances (e.g., purchase orders, contracts) outstanding at year-end are reported as restricted, committed, or assigned fund balances as appropriate. The encumbrances do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be reappropriated and honored during the subsequent year. The District did not have any outstanding encumbrances at August 31, 2024.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Note 3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Deposits

Cash Deposits

The District's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract pursuant to the Texas School Depository Act. The depository bank pledges securities which comply with state law and these securities are held for safekeeping and trust with the District's and the depository banks' agent bank. The pledged securities are approved by the TEA and shall be in an amount sufficient to protect District funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits

In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. As of August 31, 2024, the District's banks' balances at the local bank were insured and collateralized with securities held by the District's agent and in the District's name.

B. Receivables

Tax revenues of the general and debt service funds are reported net of uncollectible amounts. Total change in uncollectible amounts related to revenues of the current period increased (decreased) revenues as follows:

Change in uncollectibles related to general fund property taxes Change in uncollectibles related to debt service property taxes	\$ (3,043) (1,726)
Total change in uncollectibles of the current fiscal year	\$ (4,769)

Approximately 68% of the outstanding balance of property taxes receivable is anticipated to go uncollected within the next year.

C. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

1. Receivables/Payables

The composition of interfund receivable/payable balances as of August 31, 2024, is as follows:

Fund	nterfund ceivables	Interfund Payables			
General fund ESSER III Nonmajor governmental funds	\$ 944,719 - -	\$	- 849,086 95,633		
Total	\$ 944,719	\$	944,719		

Interfund balances consist of short-term lending/borrowing arrangements that generally result from payroll and other regularly occurring charges that are paid by the general fund and then charged back to the appropriate other fund. Additionally, some lending/borrowing may occur between two or more nonmajor governmental funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements

D. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2024 was as follows:

		eginning alance	Additions		fers and ductions	Ending Balance	
Governmental activities:					-		_
Capital assets, not being depreciated:							
Land and improvements	\$	129,553	\$	_	\$ -	\$	129,553
Construction in progress		74,403			 (74,403)		
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		203,956		-	(74,403)		129,553
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Buildings and improvements	2	23,111,848		45,158	-		23,157,006
Furniture and equipment		3,053,202		694,699	 (5,487)		3,742,414
Total capital assets, being depreciated	2	26,165,050		739,857	(5,487)		26,899,420
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Buildings and improvements		(9,295,036)		(638,001)	-		(9,933,037)
Furniture and equipment		(1,899,924)		(262,274)	 79,890		(2,082,308)
Total accumulated depreciation	(11,194,960)		(900,275)	79,890		(12,015,345)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	1	14,970,090		(160,418)	74,403		14,884,075
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	15,174,046	\$	(160,418)	\$ -	\$	15,013,628

Depreciation expense charged to functions/programs of the District was as follows:

Governmental activities:	
11 Instruction	\$ 412,588
12 Instructional resources and media services	22,860
13 Curriculum and staff development	12,301
23 School leadership	24,231
31 Guidance, counseling, and evaluation services	6,461
33 Health services	594
34 Student transportation	134,365
35 Food service	77,176
36 Extracurricular activities	138,133
41 General administration	1,464
51 Plant maintenance and operations	46,603
52 Security and monitoring services	10,386
53 Data Processing Services	11,287
61 Community service	1,826
Total depreciation expense-governmental activities	\$ 900,275

Notes to the Financial Statements

E. Long-term Liabilities

The District's long-term liabilities consist of bond indebtedness, note payable, financed purchase payable, and net pension and OPEB liability. The current requirements for general obligation bonds principal and interest expenditures are accounted for in the debt service fund. Other long-term liabilities are generally liquidated with resources of the general fund.

Changes in Long-term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2024, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance		Additions		Reductions		Ending Balance		Due Within One Year	
Governmental activities:										
Bonds payable:										
General obligation bonds, par	\$	8,991,180	\$	-	\$	(1,667,182)	\$	7,323,998	\$	383,998
Premium on bonds		602,494		-		(51,592)		550,902		-
Accreted interest (CAB)		595,124		-		(279,685)		315,439		271,002
Total bonds payable		10,188,798		-		(1,998,459)		8,190,339		655,000
Note payable from direct placement		373,057		-		(40,159)		332,898		41,103
Financed purchases payable		152,746		-		(44,951)		107,795		31,954
Net pension liability		4,688,408		1,705,443		(445,153)		5,948,698		-
Net OPEB liability		2,969,953		263,491		(424,056)		2,809,388		
Governmental activities long-term liabilities	\$	18,372,962	\$	1,968,934	\$	(2,952,778)	\$	17,389,118	\$	728,057

General Obligation Bonds

The District issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the construction and equipment of school buildings (BLDG) and to refund general obligation bonds (REF).

General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the District. These bonds are issued as 14-25 year current interest and capital appreciation bonds (CAB) with various amounts of principal maturing each year.

The following is a summary of changes in the general obligation bonds for the fiscal year:

Series	Interest Rate	Original Issue	Maturity Date	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance
2011 REF CAB 2014 BLDG 2020 REF	2.85-4.20% 2.00-4.00% 3.00%	\$ 1,887,206 9,445,000 2,545,000	2025 2036 2032	\$ 136,180 6,430,000 2,425,000	\$ - - -	\$ (72,182) (1,595,000)	\$ 63,998 4,835,000 2,425,000
Totals				\$ 8,991,180	\$ -	\$ (1,667,182)	\$ 7,323,998

Notes to the Financial Statements

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

Year Ending						Total		
August 31,	Principal			Interest	Re	Requirements		
			•	_	,	_		
2025	\$	383,998	\$	534,852	\$	918,850		
2026		655,000		246,250		901,250		
2027		675,000		223,175		898,175		
2028		700,000		199,275		899,275		
2029		720,000		174,475		894,475		
2030	745,000			148,975		893,975		
2031		775,000		122,500		897,500		
2032		800,000		95,125		895,125		
2033		440,000		72,500		512,500		
2034		460,000		54,900		514,900		
2035		475,000		38,800		513,800		
2036		495,000		19,800		514,800		
			-					
Totals	\$	7,323,998	\$	1,930,627	\$	9,254,625		

The District defeased certain previously issued and outstanding bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the District's financial statements. At August 31, 2024, the remaining outstanding defeased bonds to be called for redemption was \$1,280,000.

As of August 31, 2024, the District had \$80,000 authorized but unissued bonds from the May 10, 2014 bond election.

Note Payable

The District issued a direct placement note to provide funds for the construction and equipment of school facilities. The direct placement note is secured by maintenance and operations property tax revenues. The note issued as a 15 year current interest note. The direct placement note contains a provision that in an event of default, outstanding amounts become immediately due if the District is unable to make payment.

The following is a summary of changes in the note payable for the fiscal year:

Description	Interest Rate	Original Issue	Maturity Date	eginning alance	Ad	ditions	Re	ductions	Ending Balance
2016 Direct Placement Note	2.34%	\$612,500	2031	\$ 373,057	\$	-	\$	(40,159)	\$ 332,898
Totals				\$ 373,057	\$	-	\$	(40,159)	\$ 332,898

Notes to the Financial Statements

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the note payable are as follows:

Notes Payable from Direct Placement

norest dyable north bireet i lacement										
Year Ending						Total				
August 31,	Р	rincipal	Ir	nterest	Rec	Requirements				
			•							
2025	\$	41,103	\$	7,551	\$	48,654				
2026		42,071		6,583		48,654				
2027		43,061		5,593		48,654				
2028		44,074		4,580		48,654				
2029		45,112		3,542		48,654				
2030		46,173		2,481		48,654				
2031		47,260		1,394		48,654				
2032		24,044		281		24,325				
Totals	\$	332,898	\$	32,005	\$	364,903				

Financed Purchases Payable

In September 2021, the District entered into a financed purchase agreement for the acquisition and installation of energy saving equipment in the amount of \$242,505. The obligation is payable in quarterly installments that began in the current fiscal year on March 24, 2023 and maturing on September 24, 2027 at an interest rate of 4.5%.

Year Ending August 31,	P	rincipal	In	terest	Po	Total ayments
7.0900.017						
2025	\$	31,954	\$	4,310	\$	36,264
2026		33,417		3,848		37,265
2027		34,946		1,319		36,265
2028		7,478		83		7,561
Total Requirements	\$	107,795	\$	9,560	\$	117,355

Capital assets and accumulated depreciation on assets acquired under the financed purchasing agreement totaled \$242,505 and \$36,376, respectively, as of August 31, 2024, and are classified as furniture and equipment in governmental activities. Depreciation expense on these assets totaled \$12,125 for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2024.

Notes to the Financial Statements

F. Fund Balance

Other committed fund balance includes the following commitments of funds:

General fund - transportation	\$ 375,000
General fund - facility maintenance and capital projects	6,842,000
General fund - technology	200,000
General fund - debt retirement	583,000
Other governmental fund - campus activity	 101,069
Total other committed fund balance	\$ 8,101,069

G. Revenues from Local and Intermediate Sources

During the current fiscal year, revenues from local and intermediate sources consisted of the following:

	General		Debt Service		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Totals	
Property taxes Investment income Food sales Extracurricular activities Other	\$	5,578,249 649,669 - 2,100 98,625	\$	1,432,377 52,470 - - -	\$	32,645 86,387 148,509	\$	7,010,626 734,784 86,387 150,609 98,625
Totals	\$	6,328,643	\$	1,484,847	\$	267,541	\$	8,081,031

Note 4. Other Information

A. Risk Management

Property/Casualty Insurance

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to property/liability losses for which the District participates in the Texas Association of School Boards Risk Management Fund (Fund) for property/liability insurance. The Fund was created to formulate, develop and administer a program of modified self-funding for the Fund's membership, obtain competitive costs for coverages and develop a comprehensive loss control program. The District pays a premium to the Fund for its property/casualty coverage and transfers the risk of loss to the Fund. The District's agreement with the Fund provides that the Fund will be self-sustaining through member premiums and may provide, through commercial companies, reinsurance contracts. In the event that the Fund was to discontinue operations, the member districts would be responsible for any eligible claims not funded by the Fund. In addition, there were no significant reductions in coverage in the past fiscal year and there were no settlements exceeding insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Health Insurance

During the fiscal year end August 31, 2024, employees of the District were covered by TRS Active-Care (the Plan) a statewide health coverage program of Texas public education employees, implemented by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). The District paid premiums of \$230 per month, per employee to the Plan. Employees, at their option, authorized payroll withholdings to pay premiums for dependents. All premiums were paid to the TRS. The legislature created the Plan for public school employee group health coverage in 2002-03, requiring all Districts with fewer than 500 employees to participate in the Plan.

Workers' Compensation

The District participates in the Deep East Texas Workers' Compensation Insurance Fund. The Fund was created to formulate, develop and administer a program of modified self-funding for the Fund's membership, obtain competitive costs for workers' compensation coverage and develop a comprehensive loss control program. The District pays an annual premium to the Fund for its workers' compensation coverage and transfers the risk of loss to the Fund. The District's agreement with the Fund provides that the Fund will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will provide, through commercial companies, reinsurance contracts. The Fund maintains stop loss coverage for any claim in excess of the Fund's self-insured retention of \$1,000,000 per individual. In the event that the Fund was to discontinue operations, the member districts would be responsible for any eligible claims not funded by the Fund. In addition, there were no significant reductions in coverage in the past fiscal year and there were no settlements exceeding insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years.

B. Contingencies

The District participates in a number of federal and state financial assistance programs. Although the District's grant programs have been audited in accordance with the provisions of the Single Audit Act through August 31, 2024, these programs are subject to financial and compliance audits by the grantor agencies. The District is also subject to audit by the TEA of the attendance data upon which payments from the agency are based. These audits could result in questioned costs or refunds to be paid back to the granting agencies.

C. Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Plan Description

The District participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) and is established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67 and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution. The pension's Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

All employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard work load and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by the system.

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the TRS's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at http://www.trs.texas.gov/Pages/about archive acfr.aspx; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Benefits Provided

TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3% (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity, except for members who are grandfathered where the three highest annual salaries are used. The normal service retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of credited service or when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with 5 years of service credit or earlier than 55 with 30 years of service credit. There are additional provisions for early retirement if the sum of the member's age and years of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered in under a previous rule. There are no automatic postemployment benefit changes, including automatic cost of living adjustments (COLAs). Ad hoc postemployment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs can be granted by the Texas Legislature as previously noted in the Plan Description above.

Texas Government Code section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements if, as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS' unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action.

Contributions

Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to Article XVI, section 67 of the Texas Constitution which requires the Texas legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6% of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6% and not more than 10% of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the system during the fiscal year.

Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code 825.402. The TRS Pension Reform Bill (Senate Bill 12) of the 86th Texas Legislature amended Texas Government Code 825.402 for member contributions and increased employee and employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2020 through 2025.

Rates for such plan fiscal years are as follows:

	Contribution Rates		
	2024	2023	
	_		
Member	8.25%	8.00%	
Non-employer contributing entity (State)	8.25%	8.00%	
Employers (District)	8.25%	8.00%	

The contribution amounts for the District's fiscal year 2024 are as follows:

District contributions	\$ 485,020
Member contributions	839,351
NECE on-behalf contributions (State)	565,401

Contributors to the plan include members, employers and the State of Texas as the only non-employer contributing entity. The State is the employer for senior colleges, medical schools and state agencies including TRS. In each respective role, the State contributes to the plan in accordance with state statutes and the General Appropriations Act.

Notes to the Financial Statements

As the non-employer contributing entity for public education and junior colleges, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of the pension trust fund during the fiscal year reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers. Employers (public school, junior college, other entities or the State of Texas as the employer for senior universities and medical schools) are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

- On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.
- During a new member's first 90 days of employment.
- When any or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding sources, a privately sponsored source, from non-educational and general, or local funds.
- When the employing district is a public junior college or junior college district, the employer shall
 contribute to the retirement system an amount equal to 50% of the state contribution rate for
 certain instructional or administrative employees; and 100% of the state contribution rate for all
 other employees.

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there are two surcharges an employer is subject to:

- When employing a retiree of the Teacher Retirement System, the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment-after-retirement surcharge.
- Public education employer contribution all public schools, charter schools and regional education service centers must contribute 1.8% of the member's salary beginning in fiscal year 2023, gradually increasing to 2.0% in fiscal year 2025.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension

On August 31, 2024, the District reported a liability of \$5,948,698 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net pension liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District are as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 5,948,698
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	6,610,472
Total	\$ 12,559,170

The net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2023 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as August 31, 2022 rolled forward to August 31, 2023. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2022 through August 31, 2023.

Notes to the Financial Statements

At the measurement date of August 31, 2023, the District's proportion of the collective net pension liability was 0.0086602% which was an increase of 0.0007629% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2021.

For the fiscal year ended August 31, 2024, the District recognized pension expense of \$2,156,188 and revenue of \$998,124 for support provided by the State.

On August 31, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	O	Deferred utflows of esources	lr	Peferred Inflows of esources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	211,954	\$	72,032
Changes of assumptions		562,630		137,688
Difference between projected and actual earnings on				
pension plan investments		865,680		-
Changes in proportion and difference between District's				
contributions and the proportionate share of contributions		712,088		110,474
District contributions paid subsequent to the measurement date		485,020		-
Totals	\$	2,837,372	\$	320,194

\$485,020 reported as deferred outflows of resources resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended August 31, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending August 31,	
2025	\$ 420,001
2026	314,543
2027	883,451
2028	350,991
2029	63,172
Total	\$ 2,032,158

Notes to the Financial Statements

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The actuarial valuation of the total pension liability was performed as of August 31, 2022. Update procedures were used to roll forward the total pension liability to August 31, 2023 and was determined using the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Actuarial cost method	Individual entry age normal
Asset valuation method	Fair value
Single discount rate	7.00%
Long-term expected rate of return	7.00%
Municipal bond rate as of August 2023	4.13%. Source for the rate is the Fixed Income Market Data / Yield Curve / Data Municipal Bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index."
Last year ending August 31 in projection period (100 years)	2122
Inflation	2.30%
Salary increases	2.95% to 8.95% including inflation
Ad hoc postemployment benefit changes	None
Active mortality rates	The post-retirement mortality rates for healthy lives were based on the 2021 TRS of Texas Healthy Pensioners Mortality Tables, with full generational projection using the ultimate improvement rates from the most recently published projection scale ("U-MP"). The active mortality rates were based on the published PUB(2010) Mortality Tables for Teachers, below median, also with full generational mortality.

The actuarial methods and assumptions are primarily based on a study of actual experience for the four year period ending August 31, 2021 and adopted in July 2022.

Discount Rate and Long-term Expected Rate of Return

A single discount rate of 7.00% was used to measure the total pension liability. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the single discount rate assumed that contributions from active members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity will be made at the rates set by the legislature in the 2019 session. It is assumed that future employer and state contributions will be 9.50 percent of payroll in fiscal year 2024 gradually increasing to 9.56 percent in fiscal year 2025 and thereafter. This includes all employer and state contributions for active and rehired retirees.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in TRS's target asset allocation as of August 31, 2023 are summarized below:

		Long-term	Expected
		Expected	Contribution
	Target	Geometric Real	to Long-term
Asset Class	Allocation**	Rate of Return***	Portfolio Returns
Global equity:			
U.S.	18.0%	4.0%	1.0%
Non-U.S. developed	13.0%	4.5%	0.9%
Emerging markets	9.0%	4.8%	0.7%
Private equity	14.0%	7.0%	1.5%
Stable value:			
Government bonds	16.0%	2.5%	0.5%
Absolute return*	-	3.6%	-
Stable value hedge funds	5.0%	4.1%	0.2%
Real return:			
Real estate	15.0%	4.9%	1.1%
Energy, natural resources and infrastructure	6.0%	4.8%	0.4%
Commodities	-	4.4%	-
Risk parity:			
Risk parity	8.0%	4.5%	0.4%
Asset allocation leverage:			
Cash	2.0%	3.7%	-
Asset allocation leverage cash	-6.0%	4.4%	-0.1%
Inflation expectation			2.3%
Volatility drag****			-0.9%
Total	100.0%		8.0%

^{*} Absolute return includes credit sensitive investments

^{**} Target allocations are based on the FY 2023 policy model.

^{***} Capital market assumptions come from Aon Hewitt (as of 6/30/2023).

^{****} The volatility drag results from the conversion between arithmetic and geometric mean returns.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the TRS net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it was calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher than the current rate:

				Current	
	1%	(6.00%)	Dis	count Rate (7.00%)	 % Increase (8.00%)
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	8,893,632	\$	5,948,698	\$ 3,499,983

Change of Assumptions Since the Prior Measurement Date

The actuarial assumptions and methods are the same as used in the determination of the prior year's net pension liability.

Change of Benefit Terms Since the Prior Measurement Date

The Texas 2023 Legislature passed legislation that provides a one-time stipend to certain retired teachers. The stipend was paid to retirees beginning in September of 2023. The Legislature appropriated funds to pay for this one-time stipend so there will be no impact on the Net Pension Liability of TRS. In addition, the Legislature also provided for a cost of living adjustment (COLA) to retirees which was approved during the November 2023 election which was paid January 2024.

D. Defined Other Postemployment Benefit Plan

Plan Description

The District participates in the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care). It is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) plan that has a special funding situation. TRS-Care was established in 1986 by the Texas Legislature and is administered through a trust by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) Board of Trustees in accordance with the Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575. The Board may adopt rules, plans, procedures and orders reasonably necessary to administer the program, including minimum benefits and financing standards.

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the TRS-Care's fiduciary net position is available in the separately-issued TRS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at http://www.trs.texas.gov/Pages/about archive acfr.aspx; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

Benefits Provided

TRS-Care provides health insurance coverage to retirees from public schools, charter schools, regional education service centers and other educational districts who are members of the TRS pension plan. Optional dependent coverage is available for an additional fee.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Eligible non-Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in TRS-Care Standard, a high-deductible health plan. Eligible Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in the TRS-Care Medicare Advantage medical plan and the TRS-Care Medicare Rx prescription drug plan. To qualify for TRS-Care coverage, a retiree must have at least 10 years of service credit in the TRS pension system. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic cost of living adjustments (COLAs). The Board of Trustees of TRS is granted the authority to establish basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants as well as to amend benefit terms as needed under Chapter 1575.052. The premium rates for retirees are reflected in the following table:

TRS-Care Monthly Premium Rates

	Med	Medicare		Non-medicare	
	_	_			
Retiree or surviving spouse	\$	135	\$	200	
Retiree and spouse		529		689	
Retiree or surviving spouse and children		468		408	
Retiree and family		1,020		999	

Contributions

Contribution rates for the TRS-Care plan are established in state statute by the Texas Legislature, and there is no continuing obligation to provide benefits beyond each fiscal year. The TRS-Care plan is currently funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and is subject to change based on available funding. Funding for TRS-Care is provided by retiree premium contributions and contributions from the state, active employees, and school districts based upon public school district payroll. The TRS Board of trustees does not have the authority to set or amend contribution rates.

Texas Insurance Code, section 1575.202 establishes the State's contribution rate which is 1.25% of the employee's salary. Section 1575.203 establishes the active employee's rate which is 0.65% of pay. Section 1575.204 establishes an employer contribution rate of not less than 0.25% or not more than 0.75% of the salary of each active employee of the public or charter school. The actual employer contribution rate is prescribed by the Legislature in the General Appropriations Act.

Rates for such plan fiscal years are as follows:

	Contribution Rates		
	2024	2023	
Active employee	0.65%	0.65%	
Non-employer contribution entity (State)	1.25%	1.25%	
Employers (District)	0.75%	0.75%	
Federal/private funding*	1.25%	1.25%	

^{*}Contributions paid from federal funds and private grants are remitted by the employer (District) and paid at the State rate.

The contribution amounts for the District's fiscal year 2024 are as follows:

District contributions	\$ 111,438
Member contributions	66,127
NECE on-behalf contributions (State)	109,611

Notes to the Financial Statements

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge all TRS employers are subject to (regardless of whether or not they participate in the TRS Care OPEB program). When hiring a TRS retiree, employers are required to pay TRS-Care a monthly surcharge of \$535 per retiree.

The State of Texas also contributed \$55,449, \$47,628, and, \$35,691 in 2024, 2023, and 2022, respectively, for on-behalf payments for Medicare Part D.

TRS-Care received a supplemental appropriation from the State of Texas as the Non-Employer Contributing Entity in the amount of \$21 million in fiscal year 2023 provided by Rider 14 of the Senate Bill GAA of the 87th Legislature. These amounts were re-appropriated from amounts received by the pension and TRS-Care funds in excess of the state's actual obligation and then transferred to TRS-Care.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

On August 31, 2024, the District reported a liability of \$2,809,388 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net OPEB liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State OPEB support provided by the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District are as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District	\$ 2,809,388 3,389,958
Total	\$ 6,199,346

The net OPEB liability was measured as of August 31, 2023 and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as August 31, 2022 rolled forward to August 31, 2023. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the District's contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2022 through August 31, 2023.

At the measurement date of August 31, 2023, the employer's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability was 0.012690% which was an increase of 0.000286% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2022.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized net OPEB revenue of \$1,350,432 due to recognition of deferred inflows in excess of deferred outflows and current year expense. OPEB revenue of \$724,702 was recognized for support provided by the State.

Notes to the Financial Statements

On August 31, 2024, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS' deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits from the following sources:

	0	Deferred utflows of esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	127,104	\$	2,363,568	
Changes of assumptions		383,461		1,720,263	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on					
OPEB plan investments		1,214		-	
Changes in proportion and difference between District's					
contributions and the proportionate share of contributions		1,128,053		912,614	
District contributions paid subsequent to the measurement date		111,438		-	
Totals	\$	1,751,270	\$	4,996,445	

\$111,438 reported as deferred outflows of resources resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended August 31, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending August 31,	
2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 Thereafter	\$ (859,568) (730,716) (556,269) (541,180) (335,807) (330,073)
Total	\$ (3,353,613)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The actuarial valuation of the total OPEB liability was performed as of August 31, 2022. Update procedures were used to roll forward the total OPEB liability to August 31, 2023.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The actuarial valuation of the OPEB plan offered through TRS-Care is similar to the actuarial valuation performed for the pension plan, except that the OPEB valuation is more complex. The following assumptions used for the valuation of the TRS-Care OPEB liability are identical to the assumptions employed in the August 31, 2022 TRS pension actuarial valuation that was rolled forward to August 31, 2023:

Demographic Assumptions	Economic Assumptions					
Rates of mortality	General inflation					
Rates of retirement	Wage inflation					
Rates of termination						
Rates of disability						

See Note 4.C for detail on these assumptions. The demographic assumptions were developed in the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2021.

The active mortality rates were based on PUB(2010), Amount-Weighted, Below-Median Income, Teacher male and female tables (with a two-year set forward for males). The post-retirement mortality rates for healthy lives were based on the 2021 TRS of Texas Healthy Pensioner Mortality Tables. The rates were projected on a fully generational basis using the ultimate improvement rates from mortality projection scale MP-2021.

The initial medical trend rates were 7.75% for Medicare retirees and 7.00% for non-Medicare retirees. There was an initial prescription drug trend rate of 7.75% for all retirees. The initial trend rates decrease to an ultimate trend rate of 4.25% over a period of 12 years.

The following methods and additional assumptions were used in the TRS-Care OPEB valuation:

Actuarial cost method	Individual entry age normal
Single discount rate	4.13%
Aging factors	Based on plan specific experience
Election rates	Normal retirement: 62% participation prior to age 65 and 25% after age 65. Pre-65 retirees: 30% of pre-65 retirees are assumed to discontinue coverage at age 65.
Expenses	Third-party administrative expenses related to the delivery of health care benefits are included in the age-adjusted claims costs.
Ad hoc postemployment benefit changes	None

Notes to the Financial Statements

Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 4.13% was used to measure the total OPEB liability at August 31, 2023. This was an increase of 0.22% in the discount rate since the August 31, 2022 measurement date. The plan is essentially a "pay-as-you-go" plan, and based on the assumption that contributions are made at the statutorily required rates, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to not be able to make all future benefit payments to current plan members and therefore, the single discount rate is equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate. The source for the rate is the Fixed Income Market Data / Yield Curve / Data Municipal Bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index" as of August 31, 2023.

Sensitivity Analysis of Rates

<u>Discount Rate</u>

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the TRS-Care net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (4.13%) in measuring the net OPEB liability.

	Current						
	1%	(3.13%)	Dis	count Rate (4.13%)		% Increase (5.13%)	
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	3,308,874	\$	2,809,388	\$	2,401,796	

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability using the assumed healthcare cost trend rate, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher than the assumed health-care cost trend rate:

				Current		
	1%	Decrease	Tı	rend Rate	1% Increase	
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	2,313,390	\$	2,809,388	\$	3,447,491

Change of Assumptions Since the Prior Measurement Date

The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement period:

 The discount rate changed from 3.91% as of August 31, 2022 to 4.13% as of August 31, 2023 accompanied by revised demographic and economic assumptions based on the TRS experience study.

Change of Benefit Terms Since the Prior Measurement Date

There were no changes in benefit terms since the prior measurement date.

Notes to the Financial Statements

E. Joint Venture-Shared Service Arrangement

The District participates in the following shared service arrangement:

Polk County Special Services Cooperative

The District participates in a shared service arrangement for special education funded under IDEA-B Formula and Preschool and for the education of students with a visual impairment funded under State Supplemental Visually Impaired Funds with other school districts. The District does not account for revenues or expenditures in these programs and does not disclose them in these financial statements. The revenues and expenditures are disclosed in the financial statements of the fiscal agent, Corrigan-Camden I.S.D. The District neither has a joint ownership interest in fixed assets purchased by the fiscal agent, nor does the District have a net equity interest in the fiscal agent. The fiscal agent is neither accumulating significant financial resources nor fiscal exigencies that would give rise to a future additional benefit or burden to the District. The fiscal agent manager is responsible for all financial activities of the shared service arrangement.

F. Change in Major Funds

In fiscal year 2023, the District reported the CRRSA ESSER II fund as a major fund as it met certain quantitative thresholds for such reporting under GASB Statement No. 34, paragraph 76. The fund's resources were exhausted by the end of the fiscal year 2023 and it is, therefore, no longer reported as a fund of the District.

In 2024, the District reported the ESSER III fund as a major fund as it met certain quantitative thresholds for such reporting requirements under GASB Statement No. 34, paragraph 76. It was previously reported as a nonmajor governmental fund in 2023. The fund did not report any fund balance as of August 31, 2023; therefore, it did not require a restatement.

G. Subsequent Event

In September 2024, the District issued \$41,140,000 Unlimited Tax School Building Bonds, Series 2024; the proceeds of which will be used for construction of school buildings and improvements.

Required Supplementary Information

Exhibit G-1

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual General Fund

For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2024

Data Control		ounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive			
Codes		 Original		Final	Actual	(Negative)	
-	REVENUES	 					
5700	Local and intermediate sources	\$ 6,503,234	\$	6,503,234	\$ 6,328,643	\$	(174,591)
5800	State program revenues	8,182,006		8,282,006	10,001,534		1,719,528
5900	Federal program revenues	 150,000		150,000	 117,288		(32,712)
5020	Total revenues	14,835,240		14,935,240	16,447,465		1,512,225
	EXPENDITURES						
	Current:						
0011	Instruction	7,913,681		8,150,334	7,917,952		232,382
0012	Instructional resources and media services	21,500		21,500	19,834		1,666
0013	Curriculum and instructional staff development	212,151		280,205	268,145		12,060
0021	Instructional leadership	630,750		615,750	547,500		68,250
0023	School leadership	866,555		866,555	856,572		9,983
0031	Guidance, counseling, and evaluation services	300,477		201,573	178,603		22,970
0033	Health services	98,550		98,550	81,582		16,968
0034	Student transportation	768,851		1,072,904	1,005,904		67,000
0035	Food services	100		100	-		100
0036	Extracurricular activities	510,575		523,731	480,848		42,883
0041	General administration	658,050		658,050	627,984		30,066
0051	Plant maintenance and operations	1,489,000		1,645,273	1,532,706		112,567
0052	Security and monitoring services	172,500		172,500	94,492		78,008
0053	Data processing services	424,500		218,750	148,032		70,718
	Debt service:						
0071	Principal on long-term debt	90,000		90,000	85,110		4,890
0072	Interest on long-term debt	37,000		37,000	14,624		22,376
	Capital outlay:						
0081	Facilities acquisition and construction Intergovernmental:	-		55,000	54,193		807
0093	Payments related to shared services arrangements	446,000		366,000	261,228		104,772
0099	Other intergovernmental charges	 195,000		195,000	 188,691		6,309
6030	Total expenditures	 14,835,240		15,268,775	 14,364,000		904,775
1200	Net change in fund balance	-		(333,535)	2,083,465		2,417,000
0100	Fund balance - beginning	 12,181,624		12,181,624	 12,181,624		-
3000	FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 12,181,624	\$	11,848,089	\$ 14,265,089	\$	2,417,000

Exhibit G-2

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability of a Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Pension Plan Teacher Retirement System of Texas For the Last Ten Fiscal Years*

<u>Year</u>	District's Proportion of Net Pension Liability	District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability		SI N A	State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Associated with the District		District's Covered Total Payroll		District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	
2024	0.0086602%	\$	5,948,698	\$	6,610,472	\$	12,559,170	\$	9,479,418	62.75%	73.15%
2023	0.0078973%		4,688,408		5,820,377		10,508,785		8,765,147	53.49%	75.62%
2022	0.0064515%		1,642,959		2,913,131		4,556,090		8,427,854	19.49%	88.79%
2021	0.0064887%		3,475,208		6,064,872		9,540,080		8,146,190	42.66%	75.54%
2020	0.0067112%		3,488,690		5,280,650		8,769,340		7,178,324	48.60%	75.24%
2019	0.0075265%		4,142,789		5,650,413		9,793,202		6,864,319	60.35%	73.74%
2018	0.0070437%		2,252,182		3,275,411		5,527,593		6,379,090	35.31%	82.17%
2017	0.0066222%		2,502,442		3,636,219		6,138,661		5,679,385	44.06%	78.00%
2016	0.0057989%		2,049,834		3,598,759		5,648,593		5,311,762	38.59%	78.43%
2015	0.0041913%		1,119,555		3,161,613		4,281,168		5,298,625	21.13%	83.25%

^{*} The amounts presented for the fiscal years were determined as of the Plan's fiscal year end, August 31 of the prior year.

Schedule of the District's Contributions to the Teacher Retirement System of Texas Pension Plan For the Last Ten Fiscal Years*

Year	R	ntractually equired ntributions	Rel Co R	ntributions in ation to the ntractually equired ntributions	Defi	ribution ciency cess)	District's Covered Payroll		Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2024	\$	485,020	\$	(485,020)	\$	-	\$	10,167,402	4.77%
2023		445,153		(445,153)		-		9,479,418	4.70%
2022		368,510		(368,510)		-		8,765,147	4.20%
2021		275,314		(275,314)		-		8,427,854	3.27%
2020		267,725		(267,725)		-		8,146,190	3.29%
2019		234,900		(234,900)		-		7,178,324	3.27%
2018		249,195		(249,195)		-		6,864,319	3.63%
2017		228,877		(228,877)		-		6,379,090	3.59%
2016		210,311		(210,311)		-		5,679,385	3.70%
2015		171,426		(171,426)		-		5,311,762	3.23%

^{*} The amounts presented for the fiscal years were determined as of the District's fiscal year end.

Exhibit G-4

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability of a Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer OPEB Plan Teacher Retirement System of Texas For the Last Seven Fiscal Years*

Year	District's Proportion of Net OPEB Liability	S	District's oportionate hare of the Net OPEB Liability	SI	State's opertionate nare of the Net OPEB Liability ssociated with the District	Total	District's Covered Payroll	District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability
2024	0.0126901%	\$	2,809,388	\$	3,389,958	\$ 6,199,346	\$ 9,479,418	29.64%	14.94%
2023	0.0124037%		2,969,953		3,622,876	6,592,829	8,765,147	33.88%	11.52%
2022	0.0106282%		4,099,753		5,492,755	9,592,508	8,427,854	48.65%	6.18%
2021	0.0102408%		3,892,979		5,231,230	9,124,209	8,146,190	47.79%	4.99%
2020	0.0107333%		5,075,930		6,744,773	11,820,703	7,178,324	70.71%	2.66%
2019	0.0126054%		6,293,974		5,790,672	12,084,646	6,864,319	91.69%	1.57%
2018	0.0136607%		5,940,515		5,032,061	10,972,576	6,379,090	93.12%	0.91%

^{*} The amounts presented for the fiscal years were determined as of the Plan's fiscal year end, August 31 of the prior year. Ten years of data is not available.

Exhibit G-5

Schedule of the District's Contributions to the Teacher Retirement System of Texas OPEB Plan For the Last Seven Fiscal Years*

Year	R	ntractually equired ntributions	Rel Co	ntributions in ation to the ntractually Required ontributions	Defi	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)		District's Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2024	\$	111,438	\$	(111,438)	\$	-	\$	10,167,402	1.10%
2023		110,084		(110,084)		-		9,479,418	1.16%
2022		101,877		(101,877)		-		8,765,147	1.16%
2021		82,495		(82,495)		-		8,427,854	0.98%
2020		77,837		(77,837)		-		8,146,190	0.96%
2019		76,177		(76,177)		-		7,178,324	1.06%
2018		84,284		(84,284)		-		6,864,319	1.23%

^{*} The amounts presented for the fiscal years were determined as of the District's fiscal year end. Ten years of data is not available.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

Note 1. Budget

A. Budgetary Information

Each school district in Texas is required by law to prepare annually a budget of anticipated revenues and expenditures for the general fund, debt service fund, and the National School Breakfast and Lunch Program special revenue fund. The Texas Education Code requires the budget to be prepared not later than August 20 and adopted by August 31 of each year. The budgets are prepared on a basis of accounting that is used for reporting in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the fund financial schedules:

- 1. Prior to August 20 of the preceding fiscal year, the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year beginning September 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. A meeting of the Board is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget after ten days' public notice of the meeting has been given.
- 3. Prior to September 1, the budget is formally approved and adopted by the Board.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund and function. The District's campus/department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a campus or department. Transfers of appropriations between campuses or departments require the approval of the District's management. Increasing any one of the functional spending categories, or revenues object accounts and other resources require the approval of the Board. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the function level within a fund. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

Note 2. Net Pension Liability and Net OPEB Liability

The following factors significantly affect trends in the amounts reported for the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability and net OPEB liability:

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions and Inputs

			Net OPEB
	Net Pens	ion Liability	Liability
		Long-term	
		Expected	
	Discount	Rate of	Discount
Measurement Date August 31,	Rate	Return	Rate
2023	7.000%	7.000%	4.130%
2022	7.000%	7.000%	3.910%
2021	7.250%	7.250%	1.950%
2020	7.250%	7.250%	2.330%
2019	7.250%	7.250%	2.630%
2018	6.907%	7.250%	3.690%
2017	8.000%	8.000%	3.420%
2016	8.000%	8.000%	
2015	8.000%	8.000%	
2014	8.000%	8.000%	

Changes in Demographic and Economic Assumptions

For measurement date August 31, 2018 – Net Pension Liability and Net OPEB Liability:

• Demographic assumptions including post-retirement mortality, termination rates, and rates of retirement and economic assumptions, including rates of salary increase for individual participants were updated based on the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2017.

Changes in Benefit Terms

For measurement date August 31, 2023 – Net Pension Liability:

• The Texas 2023 Legislature passed legislation that provides a one-time stipend to certain retired teachers. The stipend was paid to retirees beginning in September of 2023. The Legislature appropriated funds to pay for this one-time stipend so there will be no impact on the Net Pension Liability of TRS. In addition, the Legislature also provided for a cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) to retirees which was approved during the November 2023 election which was paid January 2024.

For measurement date August 31, 2018 – Net OPEB Liability:

• Changes of benefit terms were made effective September 1, 2017 by the 85th Texas Legislature.

Other Changes

For measurement date August 31, 2022 – Net OPEB Liability:

• The participation rate for pre-65 retirees was lowered from 65% to 62%. The participation rate for post-65 retirees was lowered from 40% to 25%.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

For measurement date August 31, 2020 – Net OPEB Liability:

- The participation rate for pre-65 retirees was lowered from 50% to 40%.
- The ultimate healthcare trend rate assumption decreased to reflect the repeal of the excise (Cadillac) tax on high-cost employer health plans.

For measurement date August 31, 2019 – Net Pension Liability:

With the enactment of SB3 by the 2019 Texas Legislature, as assumption was made about how
this would impact future salaries. It is assumed that eligible active members will each receive a
\$2,700 increase in fiscal year 2020. This is in addition to the salary increase expected based on
the actuarial assumptions.

For measurement date August 31, 2019 – Net OPEB Liability:

- The participation rate for pre-65 retirees was lowered from 70% to 65%. The participation rate for post-65 retirees was lowered from 75% to 50%. 25% of pre-65 retirees are assumed to discontinue their coverage at age 65.
- The trend rates were reset to better reflect the plan's anticipated experience.
- The percentage of retirees who are assumed to have two-person coverage was lowered from 20% to 15%. In addition, the participation assumption for the surviving spouses of employees that die while actively employed was lowered from 20% to 10%.

For measurement date August 31, 2018 – Net OPEB Liability:

- Adjustments were made for retirees that were known to have discontinued their health care coverage in fiscal year 2018.
- The health care trend rate assumption was updated to reflect the anticipated return of the Health Insurer Fee (HIF) in 2020.

This Page Intentionally Left Blank

Supplementary Information

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds Special Revenue Funds August 31, 2024

211 240 244 255

Data Control Codes	_	lm	SA Title I proving Programs	Br	National School eakfast/ ch Program	Career and Tech Basic Grant		ESSA Title II Training and Recruiting	
1110	ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	30,472	\$	410,747	\$	_	\$	1,045
1240	Due from other governments	Ψ	-	Ψ	98,995	Ψ	_	Ψ	-
1300	Inventories		-		69,763		-		_
1000	TOTAL ASSETS	\$	30,472	\$	579,505	\$	-	\$	1,045
	LIABILITIES								
2110	Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	2,778	\$	-	\$	1,045
2160	Accrued wages payable		30,472		52,940		-		-
2170	Due to other funds						-		
2000	Total liabilities		30,472		55,718		-		1,045
	FUND BALANCES								
3410	Nonspendable - inventories		-		69,763		-		-
3450	Restricted - grant funds		-		454,024		-		-
3545	Committed - other		-				-		
3000	Total fund balances		-		523,787		-		
4000	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	30,472	\$	579,505	\$	-	\$	1,045

270 289 410 429 461

Rural and Low- Income Program		Federally Funded Special Revenue Funds		State Textbook Fund		S	e Funded pecial nue Funds	Campus ivity Funds	Total Nonmajor Funds (See Exhibit C-1)		
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 101,770	\$	544,034	
	-		<u>-</u>		47,283 -		48,350			194,628 69,763	
\$	-	\$		\$	47,283	\$	48,350	\$ 101,770	\$	808,425	
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 701	\$	4,524 83,412	
	<u>-</u>				47,283		48,350			95,633	
	-		-		47,283		48,350	701		183,569	
	-		-		-		-	-		69,763	
	-		-		-		-	- 101,069		454,024 101,069	
	-		-		-		-	101,069		624,856	
\$	-	\$	-	\$	47,283	\$	48,350	\$ 101,770	\$	808,425	

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances
Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Special Revenue Funds
For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2024

211 240 244 255

Data Control Codes		Im	SA Title I nproving c Programs	В	National School Breakfast/ Ich Program	Ted	reer and ch Basic Grant	ESSA Title II Training and Recruiting	
F700	REVENUES	Φ.		.	110 100	œ.		¢	
5700	Local and intermediate sources	\$	-	\$	112,193	\$	-	\$	-
5800	State program revenues		-		4,443		-		75.005
5900	Federal program revenues		436,970		1,043,170		22,141		75,095
5020	Total revenues		436,970		1,159,806		22,141		75,095
	EXPENDITURES								
	Current:								
0011	Instruction		246,057		-		22,141		35,462
0012	Instructional resources and media services		-		-		-		-
0013	Curriculum and instructional staff development		58,664		-		-		39,633
0021	Instructional leadership		120,410		-		-		-
0023	School leadership		-		-		-		-
0031	Guidance, counseling, and evaluation services		-		-		-		-
0033	Health services		-		-		-		-
0034	Student transportation		11,839		-		-		-
0035	Food services		-		1,315,590		-		-
0036	Extracurricular activities		-		-		-		-
0041	General administration		-		-		-		-
0051	Plant maintenance and operations		-		-		-		-
0052	Security and monitoring services		-		-		-		-
0053	Data processing services				-				
6030	Total expenditures		436,970		1,315,590		22,141		75,095
1200	Net change in fund balances		-		(155,784)		-		-
0100	Fund balances - beginning				679,571				
3000	FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$	-	\$	523,787	\$	-	\$	-

270 289 410 429 461

Ir	and Low- acome ogram	Federally Funded Special Revenue Funds		State Textbook Fund		S	e Funded Special Enue Funds		Campus ivity Funds	Total Nonmajor Funds (See Exhibit C-2)		
\$	- -	\$	-	\$	- 86,985	\$	\$ - 184,283		155,348 -	\$	267,541 275,711	
	45,021		39,903						-		1,662,300	
	45,021		39,903		86,985		184,283		155,348		2,205,552	
	45,021		39,903		86,985		-		-		475,569	
	-		-		-		-		-		-	
	-		-		-		350		-		98,647	
	-		-		-		-		=		120,410	
	-		-		-		-		-		-	
	-		-		-		-		-		-	
	-		-		-		-		-		-	
	-		-		-		-		-		11,839 1,315,590	
	-		-		-		-		160,118		1,313,370	
			_		<u>-</u> -		-		-		100,110	
	_		_		_		_		_		_	
	_		_		_		183,933		-		183,933	
	-		-		-		-		-		-	
	45,021		39,903		86,985		184,283		160,118		2,366,106	
	-		-		-		-		(4,770)		(160,554)	
	-		-				-		105,839		785,410	
\$	-	\$	_	\$		\$	-	\$	101,069	\$	624,856	

Schedule of Delinquent Taxes Receivable For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2024

1 2

Year Ended			Assessed/ Appraised Value for School			
August 31,	M	Debt Service			Tax Purposes	
2015 and prior years	\$	Various	\$	Various	\$	Various
2016		1.0400		0.23980		480,533,599
2017		1.0400		0.19500		506,208,907
2018		1.0400		0.20890		545,051,806
2019		1.0600		0.18890		555,868,044
2020		0.9900		0.18890		600,502,926
2021		0.9764		0.18890		608,381,018
2022		0.9086		0.17530		679,050,433
2023		0.8646		0.17530		755,928,166
2024		0.6792		0.17530		835,721,123

1000 TOTALS

8000 - Taxes refunded under section 26.1115, tax code, for owners who received an exemption as provided by section 11.42(f), tax code

3,870

\$

	10		20		31		32		40		50	99
Beginning Balance 9/1/2023		Current Year's Total Levy		Maintenance Collections		Debt Service Collections		Entire Year's Adjustments		Ending Balance 8/31/2024		Total Taxes Refunded Under Section 26.1115(c)
\$	99,840	\$	-	\$	(8,913)	\$	(2,218)	\$	(26,444)	\$	84,527	
	15,670		-		914		211		(374)		14,171	
	16,368		-		859		161		(226)		15,122	
	24,725		-		1,461		293		(221)		22,750	
	23,548		-		1,893		337		(235)		21,083	
	26,951		-		3,474		663		167		22,981	
	66,374		-		8,633		1,670		54		56,125	
	98,264		-		18,506		3,570		(6,619)		69,569	
	259,631		-		96,801		19,630		(23,091)		120,109	
			7,141,237		5,363,851		1,384,398		(92,676)		300,312	
\$	631,371	\$	7,141,237	\$	5,487,479	\$	1,408,715	\$	(149,665)	\$	726,749	

Exhibit J-2

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual National School Breakfast and Lunch Program For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2024

Data Control			Budgeted	d Amo	ounts		Fin	iance with al Budget Positive
Codes		•	Original		Final	Actual	(1)	legative)
	REVENUES	-						
5700	Local and intermediate sources	\$	90,001	\$	90,001	\$ 112,193	\$	22,192
5800	State program revenues		4,500		4,500	4,443		(57)
5900	Federal program revenues		1,158,500		1,158,500	 1,043,170		(115,330)
5020	Total revenues		1,253,001		1,253,001	1,159,806		(93,195)
	EXPENDITURES Current:							
0035	Food services		1,253,001		1,571,521	1,315,590		255,931
6030	Total expenditures		1,253,001		1,571,521	1,315,590		255,931
1200	Net change in fund balance		-		(318,520)	(155,784)		162,736
0100	Fund balance - beginning		679,571		679,571	679,571		_
3000	FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	679,571	\$	361,051	\$ 523,787	\$	162,736

Exhibit J-3

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual Debt Service Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2024

Data Control		Budgeted	l Amo	ounts		Fin	iance with al Budget Positive
Codes	_	 Original		Final	Actual	(N	egative)
	REVENUES						
5700	Local and intermediate sources	\$ 1,364,595	\$	1,364,595	\$ 1,484,847	\$	120,252
5800	State program revenues	 64,793		64,793	 175,193		110,400
5020	Total revenues	1,429,388		1,429,388	1,660,040		230,652
	EXPENDITURES						
	Debt service:						
0071	Principal on long-term debt	1,429,388		2,108,070	1,667,182		440,888
0072	Interest on long-term debt	-		600,318	587,318		13,000
0073	Issuance costs and fees	 -		11,300	 11,300		-
6030	Total expenditures	 1,429,388		2,719,688	2,265,800		453,888
1200	Net change in fund balance	-		(1,290,300)	(605,760)		684,540
0100	Fund balance - beginning	 1,792,260		1,792,260	 1,792,260		
3000	FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 1,792,260	\$	501,960	\$ 1,186,500	\$	684,540

Exhibit J-4

Use of Funds Report – Select State Allotment For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2024

Data Codes		R	esponses
	Section A: Compensatory Education Programs		
AP1	Did your LEA expend any state compensatory education program state allotment funds during the District's fiscal year?		Yes
AP2	Does the LEA have written policies and procedures for its state compensatory education program?		Yes
AP3	List the total state allotment funds received for state compensatory education programs during the District's fiscal year.	\$	1,248,322
AP4	List the actual direct program expenditures for state compensatory education programs during the LEA's fiscal year. (PICs 24, 26, 28, 29, 30)	\$	904,902
	Section B: Bilingual Education Programs		
AP5	Did your LEA expend any bilingual education program state allotment funds during the LEA's fiscal year?		Yes
AP6	Does the LEA have written policies and procedures for its bilingual education program?		Yes
AP7	List the total state allotment funds received for bilingual education programs during the LEA's fiscal year.	\$	16,705
AP8	List the actual direct program expenditures for bilingual education programs during the LEA's fiscal year. (PICs 25)	\$	31,581

Overall Compliance, Internal Control Section and Federal Awards

This Page Intentionally Left Blank



Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Board of Trustees of Onalaska Independent School District Onalaska, Texas

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Onalaska Independent School District (the District) as of and for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 11, 2024.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

The Board of Trustees of Onalaska Independent School District

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

,

Weaver and Siduell L.L.P.

WEAVER AND TIDWELL, L.L.P.

The Woodlands, Texas November 11, 2024



Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

To the Board of Trustees of Onalaska Independent School District Onalaska, Texas

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Onalaska Independent School District's (the District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2024. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2024.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (Government Auditing Standards); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and
 design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
 examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance
 requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered
 necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit
 in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and
 report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not
 for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over
 compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

The Board of Trustees of Onalaska Independent School District

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Weaver and Tiduell, L.I.P.

WEAVER AND TIDWELL, L.L.P.

The Woodlands, Texas November 11, 2024

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2024

Section 1. Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements

1. Type of auditor's report issued Unmodified

2. Internal control over financial reporting:

a. Material weakness(es) identified?

b. Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?

None reported

3. Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

No

Federal Awards

4. Internal control over major programs:

a. Material weakness(es) identified?

b. Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?

None reported

5. Type of auditor's report issued on compliance with major programs

Unmodified

6. Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?

No

7. Identification of major programs

10,553, 10.555 - Child Nutrition Cluster

8. Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B federal programs

\$750,000

9. Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee?

Yes

Section 2. Financial Statement Findings

None reported

Section 3. Federal Awards Findings and Questioned Costs

None reported

Onalaska Independent School District Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2024

Prior Year Findings

None reported

Exhibit K-1

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2024

Pederal Grantor/ Prosr-Through Grantory/ Pross-Through Grantory/ Pross-Entrough State Department of Education: ESEA Title Upart A-Improving Basic Programs 84.010A 24610101187910 \$ 436,970 ESEA Title Upart A-Improving Basic Programs 84.010A 24610101187910 \$ 436,970 Career and Technology - Basic Grant 84.048A 24420006187910 22.11 ESEA Title Upart A-Teacher and Principal Training and Recruiting 84.3588 24696001187910 75.095 ESEA Title Upart A-Teacher and Principal Training and Recruiting 84.367A 24694501187910 34.644 COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan - ESSER III 84.4250 21528001187910 35.587.68 Passed Through Region X Education Service Center: Statewide SPED Contracted Services Capacity Grant 84.027A 236600497110001 5.259 TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION 2177.898 2177.898 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Child Nutrition Cluster: Passed Through State Department of Agriculture - Non Cash Assistance: School Breakfast Program 10.553 71402301 338.117 Possed Through State Department of Agriculture: National School Lunch Program 10.555 806780706 45.031 Possed Through State Department of Agriculture: National School Lunch Program 10.555	(1)	(2) Federal	(2A)	(3)
Passed Through State Department of Education: ESEA Title I, Part A-Improving Basic Programs 84.010A 24610101187910 \$ 436.970 Career and Technology - Basic Grant 84.048A 24420006187910 22.141 ESEA Title VI, Part B, Subpart 2 - Rural and Low Income School 84.358B 24696001187910 45.021 ESEA Title II, Part A-Teacher and Principal Training and Recruiting 84.367A 24694501187910 75.095 ESEA Title IV, Part A, Subpart 1 84.424A 24680101187910 34.644 COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan - ESSER III 84.4250 21528001187910 1.558.768 Passed Through Region X Education Service Center: Statewide SPED Contracted Services Capacity Grant 84.027A 236600497110001 5.259 Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA) 5.259 Total U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION 2.177,898 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Child Nutrition Cluster: Passed Through State Department of Education-Cash Assistance: School Breached SPED gram 10.553 71402301 338.117 Passed Through State Department of Agriculture - Non Cash Assistance: National School Lunch Program 10.555 806780706 45.031 Passed Through State Department of Agriculture: National School Lunch Program 10.555 71302301 653.425 Total Assistance Listing Number 10.555 698.456 71014 710	Pass-Through Grantor/	Assistance Listing	Identifying	
SEA Title I, Part A-Improving Basic Programs	U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			
ESEA Title VI, Part B, Subpart 2 - Rural and Low Income School 84.358B 24696001187910 45.021 ESEA Title II, Part A-Teacher and Principal Training and Recruiting 84.367A 24694501187910 75.095 ESEA Title IV, Part A, Subpart 1 84.424A 24680101187910 34.644 COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan - ESSER III 84.425U 21528001187910 1.558.768 Passed Through Region X Education Service Center: Statewide SPED Contracted Services Capacity Grant 84.027A 236600497110001 5.259 Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA) 2.177.898 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Child Nutrition Cluster: Passed Through State Department of Education-Cash Assistance: School Breakfast Program 10.553 71402301 338.117 Passed Through State Department of Agriculture - Non Cash Assistance: National School Lunch Program 10.555 806780706 45.031 Passed Through State Department of Agriculture: National School Lunch Program 10.555 71302301 653.425 Total Assistance Listing Number 10.555 698.456 Total Child Nutrition Cluster 10.3649 806780706 6.597	·	84.010A	24610101187910	\$ 436,970
ESEA Title II, Part A-Teacher and Principal Training and Recruiting 84.367A 24694501187910 75.095 ESEA Title IV, Part A, Subpart 1 84.424A 24680101187910 34,644 COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan - ESSER III 84.425U 21528001187910 1,558,768 Passed Through Region X Education Service Center: Statewide SPED Contracted Services Capacity Grant 84.027A 236600497110001 5,259 Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA) 2,177,898 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION 2,177,898 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Child Nutrition Cluster: Passed Through State Department of Education-Cash Assistance: School Breakfast Program 10,553 71402301 338,117 Passed Through State Department of Agriculture - Non Cash Assistance: National School Lunch Program 10,555 806780706 45,031 Passed Through State Department of Agriculture: National School Lunch Program 10,555 71302301 653,425 Total Assistance Listing Number 10,555 698,456 Total Child Nutrition Cluster 10,649 806780706 6,597	Career and Technology - Basic Grant	84.048A	24420006187910	22,141
ESEA Title IV, Part A, Subpart 1 84.424A 24680101187910 34.644 COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan - ESSER III 84.425U 21528001187910 1,558,768 Passed Through Region X Education Service Center: Statewide SPED Contracted Services Capacity Grant 84.027A 236600497110001 5,259 Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA) 2,177,898 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION 2,177,898 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Child Nutrition Cluster: Passed Through State Department of Education-Cash Assistance: School Breakfast Program 10.553 71402301 338,117 Passed Through State Department of Agriculture - Non Cash Assistance: National School Lunch Program 10.555 806780706 45,031 Passed Through State Department of Agriculture: National School Lunch Program 10.555 71302301 653,425 Total Assistance Listing Number 10.555 698,456 Total Child Nutrition Cluster 1,036,573 2021 P-EBT Admin Expense Reimbursement 10.649 806780706 6,597	ESEA Title VI, Part B, Subpart 2 - Rural and Low Income School	84.358B	24696001187910	45,021
COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan - ESSER III 84.425U 21528001187910 1,558,768 Passed Through Region X Education Service Center: Statewide SPED Contracted Services Capacity Grant 84.027A 236600497110001 5,259 Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA) 5,259 TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION 2,177,898 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Child Nutrition Cluster: Passed Through State Department of Education- Cash Assistance: School Breakfast Program 10,553 71402301 338,117 Passed Through State Department of Agriculture - Non Cash Assistance: National School Lunch Program 10,555 806780706 45,031 Passed Through State Department of Agriculture: National School Lunch Program 10,555 71302301 653,425 Total Assistance Listing Number 10,555 698,456 Total Child Nutrition Cluster 1,036,573 2021 P-EBT Admin Expense Reimbursement 10,649 806780706 6,597	ESEA Title II, Part A-Teacher and Principal Training and Recruiting	84.367A	24694501187910	75,095
Passed Through Region X Education Service Center: Statewide SPED Contracted Services Capacity Grant 84.027A 236600497110001 5.259 Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA) 5.259 TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION 2,177,898 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Child Nutrition Cluster: Passed Through State Department of Education- Cash Assistance: School Breakfast Program 10.553 71402301 338,117 Passed Through State Department of Agriculture - Non Cash Assistance: National School Lunch Program 10.555 806780706 45,031 Passed Through State Department of Agriculture: National School Lunch Program 10.555 71302301 653,425 Total Assistance Listing Number 10.555 710al Child Nutrition Cluster 10.557 306780706 698,456 70tal Child Nutrition Cluster	ESEA Title IV, Part A, Subpart 1	84.424A	24680101187910	34,644
Statewide SPED Contracted Services Capacity Grant 84.027A 236600497110001 5,259 Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA) 5,259 TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION 2,177,898 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Child Nutrition Cluster: School Breakfast Program 10.553 71402301 338,117 Passed Through State Department of Agriculture - Non Cash Assistance: National School Lunch Program 10.555 806780706 45,031 Passed Through State Department of Agriculture: National School Lunch Program 10.555 71302301 653,425 Total Assistance Listing Number 10.555 698,456 Total Child Nutrition Cluster 10.649 806780706 6,597	COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan - ESSER III	84.425U	21528001187910	1,558,768
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Child Nutrition Cluster: Passed Through State Department of Education- Cash Assistance: School Breakfast Program 10.553 71402301 338,117 Passed Through State Department of Agriculture - Non Cash Assistance: National School Lunch Program 10.555 806780706 45,031 Passed Through State Department of Agriculture: National School Lunch Program 10.555 71302301 653,425 Total Assistance Listing Number 10.555 698,456 Total Child Nutrition Cluster 10.649 806780706 6,597		84.027A	236600497110001	5,259
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Child Nutrition Cluster: Passed Through State Department of Education- Cash Assistance: School Breakfast Program 10.553 71402301 338,117 Passed Through State Department of Agriculture - Non Cash Assistance: National School Lunch Program 10.555 806780706 45,031 Passed Through State Department of Agriculture: National School Lunch Program 10.555 71302301 653,425 Total Assistance Listing Number 10.555 698,456 Total Child Nutrition Cluster 10.649 806780706 6,597	Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)			5,259
Child Nutrition Cluster: Passed Through State Department of Education- Cash Assistance: School Breakfast Program 10.553 71402301 338,117 Passed Through State Department of Agriculture - Non Cash Assistance: National School Lunch Program 10.555 806780706 45,031 Passed Through State Department of Agriculture: National School Lunch Program 10.555 71302301 653,425 Total Assistance Listing Number 10.555 698,456 Total Child Nutrition Cluster 10.649 806780706 6,597	TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			2,177,898
Passed Through State Department of Education- Cash Assistance: School Breakfast Program 10.553 71402301 338,117 Passed Through State Department of Agriculture - Non Cash Assistance: National School Lunch Program 10.555 806780706 45,031 Passed Through State Department of Agriculture: National School Lunch Program 10.555 71302301 653,425 Total Assistance Listing Number 10.555 Total Child Nutrition Cluster 2021 P-EBT Admin Expense Reimbursement 10.649 806780706 6,597				
National School Lunch Program 10.555 806780706 45,031 Passed Through State Department of Agriculture: National School Lunch Program 10.555 71302301 653,425 Total Assistance Listing Number 10.555 698,456 Total Child Nutrition Cluster 1,036,573 2021 P-EBT Admin Expense Reimbursement 10.649 806780706 6,597	Passed Through State Department of Education-Cash Assistance:	10.553	71402301	338,117
National School Lunch Program 10.555 71302301 653,425 Total Assistance Listing Number 10.555 698,456 Total Child Nutrition Cluster 1,036,573 2021 P-EBT Admin Expense Reimbursement 10.649 806780706 6,597		10.555	806780706	45,031
Total Child Nutrition Cluster 1,036,573 2021 P-EBT Admin Expense Reimbursement 10.649 806780706 6,597	·	10.555	71302301	653,425
2021 P-EBT Admin Expense Reimbursement 10.649 806780706 6,597	Total Assistance Listing Number 10.555			698,456
	Total Child Nutrition Cluster			1,036,573
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE 1,043,170	2021 P-EBT Admin Expense Reimbursement	10.649	806780706	6,597
	TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			1,043,170
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS \$ 3,221,068	TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$ 3,221,068

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of Onalaska Independent School District and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 and Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in, the preparation of the basic financial statements. National School Lunch Program non-cash commodities are recorded at their estimated market value at the time of donation.

Note 2. De Minimis Cost Rate

The District has elected not to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under Uniform Guidance.

Note 3. Reconciliation to Basic Financial Statements

Presented below is a reconciliation of federal revenues:

Total expenditures of federal awards per Exhibit K-1	\$ 3,221,068
General fund - federal revenue:	
School health and related services (SHARS)	117,288
Total federal revenues per Exhibit C-2	\$ 3,338,356

SF8

SF9

at fiscal year-end.

Exhibit L-1

Yes

315,439

\$

Schedule of Required Responses to Selected School FIRST Indicators (Unaudited) For the Year Ending August 31, 2024

Data		
Codes	_	Responses
SF1	Was there an unmodified opinion in the Annual Financial Report on the financial statements as a whole?	Yes
SF2	Were there any disclosures in the Annual Financial Report and/or other sources of information concerning nonpayment of any terms of any debt agreement at fiscal yearend?	No
SF3	Did the school district make timely payments to the Teacher Retirement System (TRS), Texas Workforce Commission (TWC), Internal Revenue Service (IRS), and other government agencies? (If the school district was issued a warrant hold and the warrant hold was not cleared within 30 days from the date the warrant hold was issued, the school district is considered to not have made timely payments.) Payments to the TRS and TWC are considered timely if a warrant hold that was issued in	Yes
	connection to the untimely payment was cleared within 30 days from the date the warrant hold was issued. Payments to the IRS are considered timely if a penalty or delinquent payment notice was allowed within 20 days from the date the notice was allowed within 20 days from the date the notice was	
	cleared within 30 days from the date the notice was issued.	
SF4	Was the school district issued a warrant hold? Even if the issue surrounding the initial warrant hold was resolved and cleared within 30 days, the school district is considered to have been issued a warrant hold.	No
SF5	Did the Annual Financial Report disclose any instances of material weaknesses in internal controls over financial reporting and compliance for local, state, or federal funds?	No
SF6	W as there any disclosure in the Annual Financial Report of material noncompliance for grants, contracts, and laws related to local, state, or federal funds?	No
SF7	Did the school district post the required financial information on its website in accordance with Government Code, Local Government Code, Texas Education Code, Texas Administrative Code and other statutes, laws and rules that were in effect at the school district's fiscal year end?	Yes

Did the school board members discuss the school district's property values at a board

Total accumulated accretion on CABs included in government-wide financial statements

meeting within 120 days before the school district adopted its budget?